

## Configure ERSPAN with VMware

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The Encapsulated Remote Switched Port Analyzer (ERSPAN) enables you to monitor traffic on multiple network interfaces or VLANs and then send the monitored traffic to one or more destinations. The ExtraHop system supports the VMware Encapsulated Remote Mirroring Source packet mirror feature, an ERSPAN-like capability.

The following procedures explain how to configure an interface on the ExtraHop system to receive ERSPAN traffic and how to configure the VMware server with the vSphere Web Client.

For more information about configuring networking on the ExtraHop system, see the ExtraHop Admin UI Guide .

For more information about configuring the VMware vSphere server, see Working with Port Mirroring ☑ in the VMware documentation.

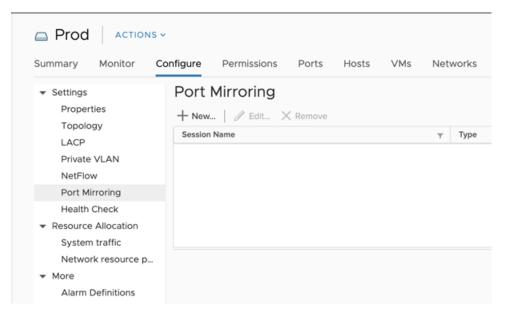
## Configure the ExtraHop interface settings

- 1. Log in to the Administration settings on the ExtraHop system through https://extrahop-hostname-or-IP-address>/admin.
- 2. In the Network Settings, click **Connectivity**.
- 3. In the Interfaces section, click Interface 1.
  - **Note:** If you select **Interface 1** for management and **Interface 2** for ERSPAN, you cannot configure both interfaces on the same subnet.
- 4. Select Management + RPCAP/ERSPAN/VXLAN/GENEVE Target from the Interface Mode drop-down list.
- 5. Complete the remaining fields and then click **Save**.
- 6. Optional: Depending on your configuration, configure or disable the remaining interfaces.
  - Note: For more information about setting up network interfaces, see the Connectivity ☑ section in the ExtraHop Administration Guide.

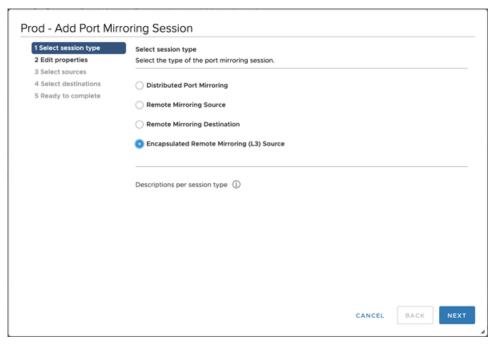
## Configure port mirroring on the vSphere server

- 1. Log in to the vSphere Web Client and select the vSphere distributed switch (VDS) from which you want to monitor traffic.
- 2. Click the **Settings**tab.
- 3. In the Settings section, click **Port Mirroring**.



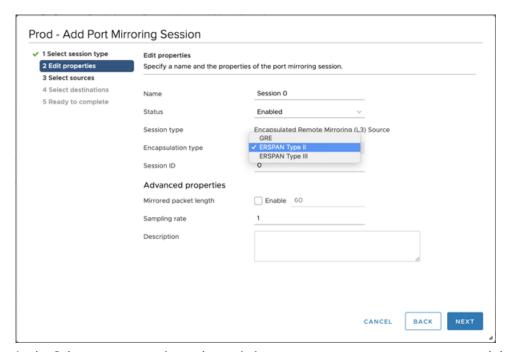


- Click **New...** to create a port mirroring session to mirror vSphere distributed switch traffic to specific physical switch ports.
  - Tip: For detailed information about creating a port mirroring session, see your vSphere documentation.
  - In the Select session type section, select Encapsulated Remote Mirroring (L3) Source and click Next.

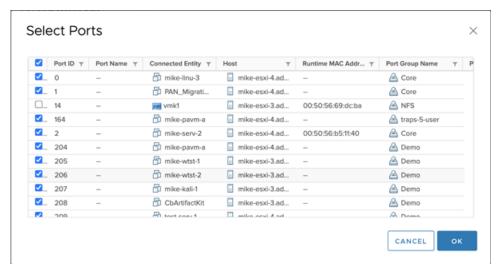


- In the **Edit properties** section, configure the following settings:
  - Name: Specify the name.
  - Status: Select Enabled from the drop-down list.
  - Encapsulation type: Select ERSPAN Type II from the drop-down list
    - Note: GRE is a supported encapsulation type; however, you must configure Network Overlay Decapsulation of for NVGRE on the sensor.



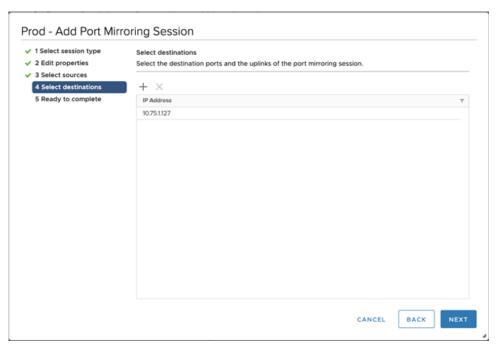


- In the Select sources section, select existing ports or create new source ports and then click **Next**.
  - Warning: Do not include any VMkernel (vmk) ports, any ports connected to the virtual Reveal(x) sensor, or any ports that might be carrying the ERSPAN data created by this mirror. Adding these ports will compound the traffic destined for the sensor and disrupt the networking capabilities of the dvSwitch, causing any hosts or interfaces participating in the dvSwitch to become permanently unavailable.
- In the Select Ports section, select virtual ports to include in this mirror.
  - Warning: Do not include any VMkernel (vmk) ports, any ports connected to the virtual Reveal(x) sensor, or any ports that might be carrying the ERSPAN data created by this mirror. Adding these ports will compound the traffic destined for the sensor and disrupt the networking capabilities of the dvSwitch, causing any hosts or interfaces participating in the dvSwitch to become permanently unavailable.

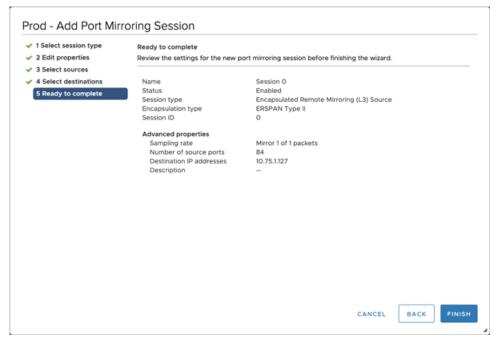


- Click Next.
- In the Select destinations section, click the plus sign (+) to add the IP address or addresses that should receive the mirrored traffic.





In the Ready to complete section, verify the settings and then click **Finish**.



Tip: Consider turning off TCP segmentation offloading on the operating systems where the mirrored traffic is coming from.