

Decrypt domain traffic with a Windows domain controller

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The ExtraHop system can be configured to retrieve and store domain keys from a domain controller. When the system observes encrypted traffic that matches the stored keys, all of the Kerberos-encrypted traffic in the domain is decrypted for supported protocols. The system only synchronizes Kerberos and NTLM decryption keys and does not modify any other properties in the domain.

A domain controller like Active Directory is a frequent target for attackers because a successful attack campaign yields high-value assets. Critical attacks can be obscured by Kerberos or NTLM decryption, such as Golden Ticket, PrintNightmare, and Bloodhound. Decrypting this type of traffic can provide deeper insight for security detections.

You can enable decryption on an individual sensor or through an integration on Reveal(x) 360.

The following requirements must be met for decryption:

- You must have an Active Directory domain controller (DC) that is not configured as a Read-only Domain Controller (RODC).
- Only Windows Server 2016 and Windows Server 2019 are supported.
- Only one domain controller can be configured on a sensor, which means you can decrypt the traffic from one domain per sensor.
- The ExtraHop system synchronizes keys for up to 50,000 accounts in a configured domain. If your DC has more than 50,000 accounts, some traffic will not be decrypted.
- The ExtraHop system must observe the network traffic between the DC and connected clients and servers.
- The ExtraHop system must be able to access the domain controller over the following ports: TCP 88 (Kerberos), TCP 445 (SMB), TCP 135 (RPC), and TCP ports 49152-65535 (RPC dynamic range).
 - Warning: If you enable these settings, the ExtraHop system is granted access to all of the account keys in the Windows domain. The ExtraHop system should be deployed at the same security level as the domain controller. Here are some best practices to consider:
 - Strictly limit end-user access to sensors that are configured with access to the domain controller. Ideally, only permit end-user access to a connected console.
 - Configure sensors with an identity provider that has strong authentication features such as two-factor or multi-factor authentication.
 - Restrict inbound and outbound traffic to and from the sensor to only what is needed.
 - In Active Directory, limit the Logon Workstations for the account to only communicate with the domain controller that the ExtraHop system is configured with.

Connect a domain controller to a sensor

Before you begin

You must have a user account with setup or system and access administration privileges
☑ on the sensor.

- 1. Log in to the Administration settings on the ExtraHop system through https://extrahop-hostname-or-IP-address>/admin.
- 2. In the System Configuration section, click **Capture**.
- 3. Click **Domain Controller**.
- 4. Select the **Enable connection to the domain controller** checkbox.
- 5. Complete the following fields:



- Hostname: The fully qualified domain name of the domain controller.
- Computer Name (sAMAccountName): The name of the domain controller.
- Realm Name: The Kerberos realm name of the domain controller.
- User Name: The name of a user who is a member of the built-in Administrators group for the domain (not to be confused with the Domain Admins group). To prevent possible connection errors, specify a user account created after the domain controller was established.
- Password: The password of the privileged user.
- Click Test Connection to confirm that the sensor can communicate with the domain controller.
- Click Save.

Connect a domain controller to a Reveal(x) 360 sensor

Before you begin

Your user account must have privileges ☑ on Reveal(x) 360 for System and Access Administration.

- 1. Log into Reveal(x) 360.
- 2. Click the System Settings icon and then click Integrations.
- Click the Microsoft Protocol Decryption tile.
- 4. Complete the following fields to specify credentials for the Microsoft Active Directory domain controller you want to connect to a Reveal(x) 360 sensor:
 - Hostname: The fully qualified domain name of the domain controller.
 - Computer Name (sAMAccountName): The name of the domain controller.
 - Realm Name: The Kerberos realm name of the domain controller.
 - User Name: The name of a user who is a member of the built-in Administrators group for the domain (not to be confused with the Domain Admins group). To prevent possible connection errors, specify a user account created after the domain controller was established.
 - Password: The password of the privileged user.
- 5. From the drop-down list, select the Reveal(x) 360 sensor the domain controller will connect to. Only one domain controller can be connected to a Reveal(x) 360 sensor.
- Click Test Connection to confirm that the sensor can communicate with the domain controller.
- Click Save.

Validate the configuration settings

To validate that the ExtraHop system is able to decrypt traffic with the domain controller, create a dashboard that identifies successful decryption attempts.

- Create a new dashboard ...
- 2. Click the chart widget to add the metric source.
- Click Add Source.
- 4. In the Sources field, type the name of the sensor communicating with a domain controller and then select the sensor from the list.
- 5. In the Metrics field, type DC in the search field and then select DC-Assisted Decryption Health -Successful Kerberos Decryption Attempts by SPN.
- 6. Click Save.

The chart appears with a count of successful decryption attempts.





Additional system health metrics

The ExtraHop system provides metrics that you can add to a dashboard to monitor DC-assisted decryption health and functionality.

To view a list of available metrics, click the System Settings icon and then click Metric Catalog. Type DC-Assisted in the filter field to display all available DC-assisted decryption metrics.

