

Configure RSPAN with VMware

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The Remote Switched Port Analyzer (RSPAN) enables you to monitor traffic on one switch through a device on another switch and then send the monitored traffic to one or more destinations.

Before you begin

RSPAN requires that you configure an RSPAN VLAN on your physical switches. If you cannot configure an RSPAN VLAN, consider configuring ERSPAN as an alternative. For more information, see [How Mirroring Works](#).

- You must have experience with basic VMware ESX and ESXi administration through the VMware vSphere Web Client.
- You must have an uplink port (HW NIC) attached to the switch (preferably one that is not designated for general network traffic).
- Direct access to the iDRAC console is preferred.

For information about configuring the VMware vSphere server, see the *Working with Port Mirroring* section in the ESXi and vCenter documentation for your version of VMware.

For information about configuring VMware with a Discover appliance, see [Deploy the ExtraHop Discover Appliance with VMware](#).

The following steps outline the key procedures that are required to configure RSPAN with VMware for a Discover appliance. Note that procedures in these steps might vary between versions of VMware.



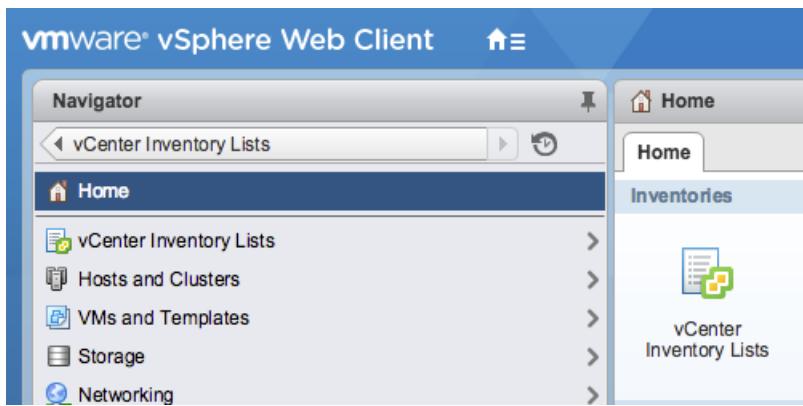
Note: While these steps are required for RSPAN configuration, most deployments have completed the first four steps prior to installing the Discover appliance. If you have an existing Virtual Distributed Switch, start with step 5.

1. [Create a virtual distributed switch \(VDS\)](#)
2. [Add port groups to the VDS](#)
3. [Add a host to the VDS](#)
4. [Add uplink ports to the VDS](#)
5. [Configure an RSPAN port mirror on the VDS](#)

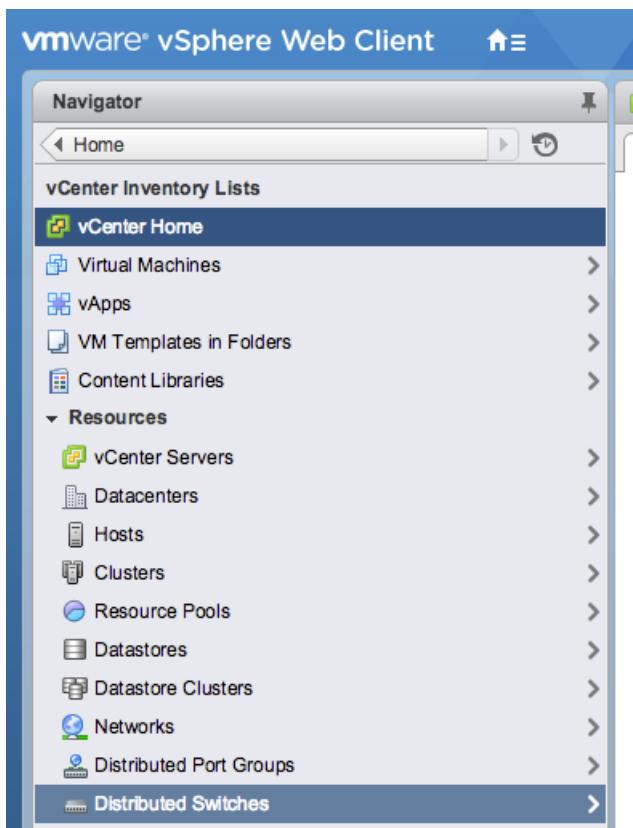
Create a virtual distributed switch

Complete the following steps to create a virtual distributed switch (VDS). The VDS carries traffic from your virtual machines (VM) to your physical network and to other VMs.

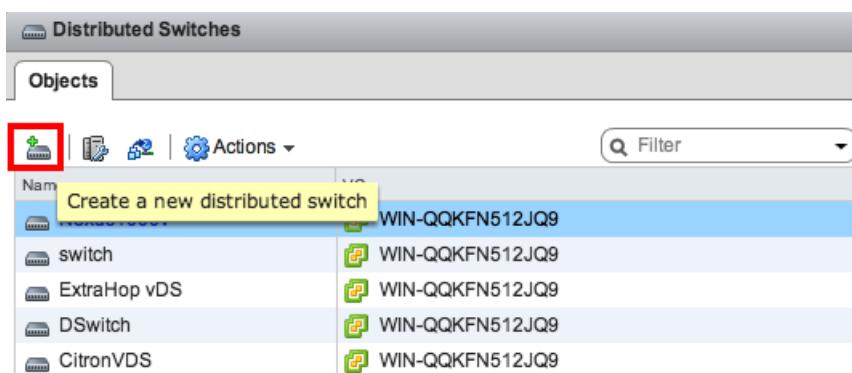
1. Log in to the vSphere Web Client.
2. Click **vCenter Inventory Lists**.



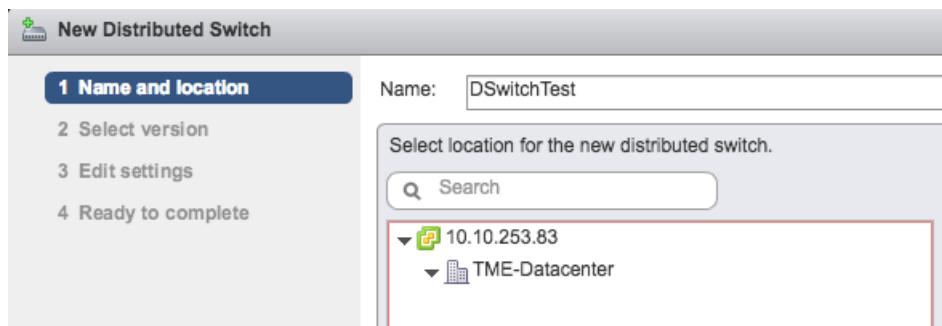
3. In the left panel, click **Distributed Switches**.



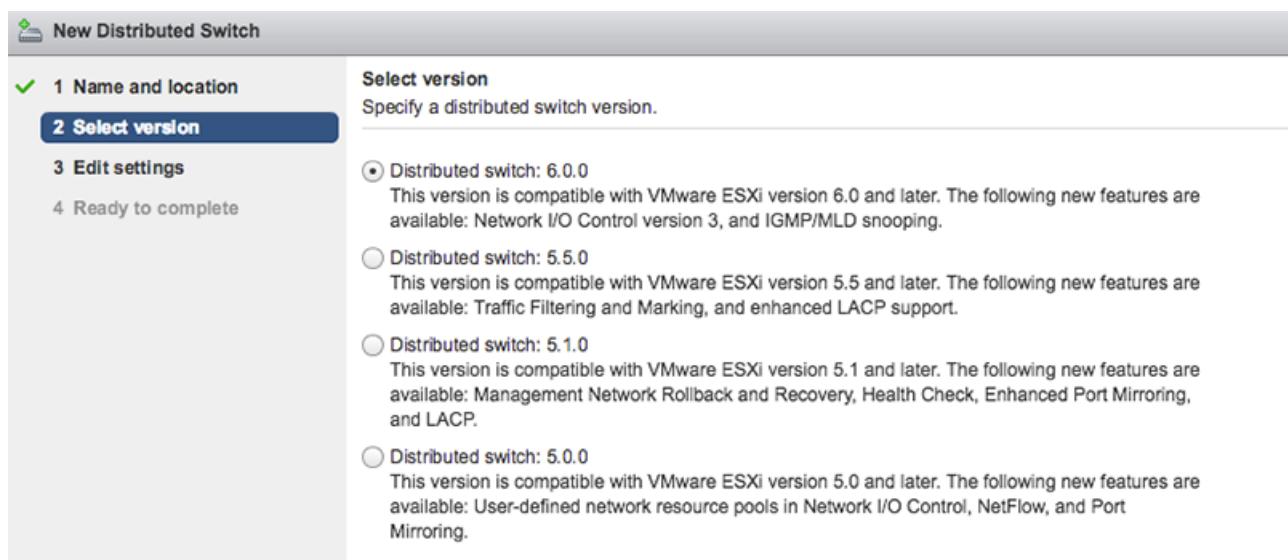
4. Above the list of switches, click the **Create a new distributed switch** icon.



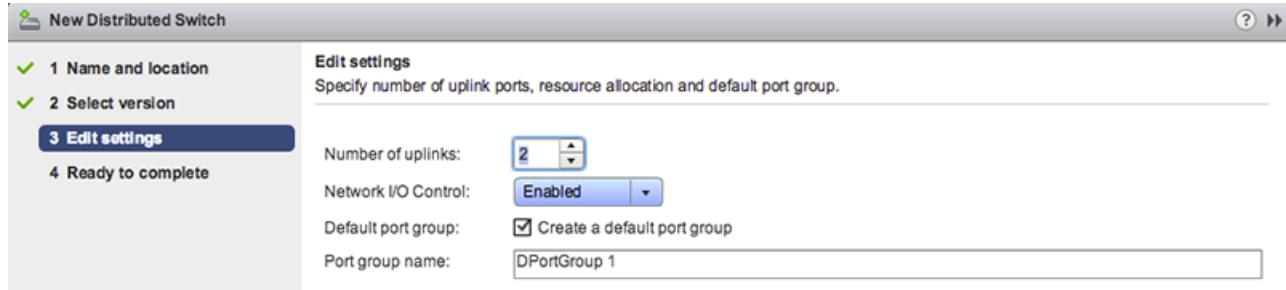
5. In the New Distributed Switch window, type a name for the switch, select the destination data center or network folder, and then click **Next**.



6. Select the distributed switch version and click **Next**.



7. Edit the following settings:



- Set the **Number of uplinks** to two or more if your SPAN traffic is on a dedicated NIC (recommended). Otherwise, set this value to 1.
- Click the **Network I/O Control** drop-down list and select one of the following options.

Disabled

If your SPAN traffic on a dedicated NIC. (Recommended)

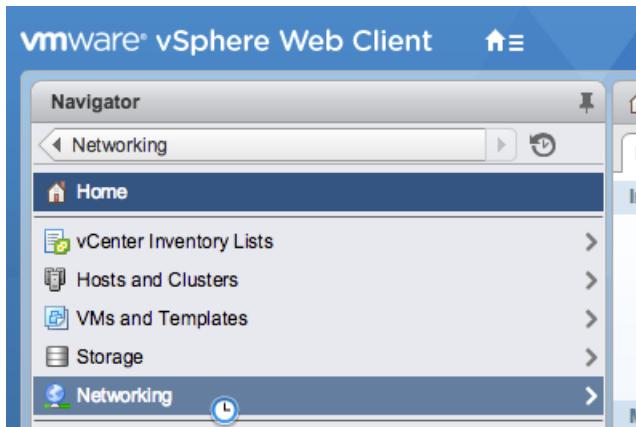
Enabled

If your SPAN traffic is on the same NIC as your monitored traffic.

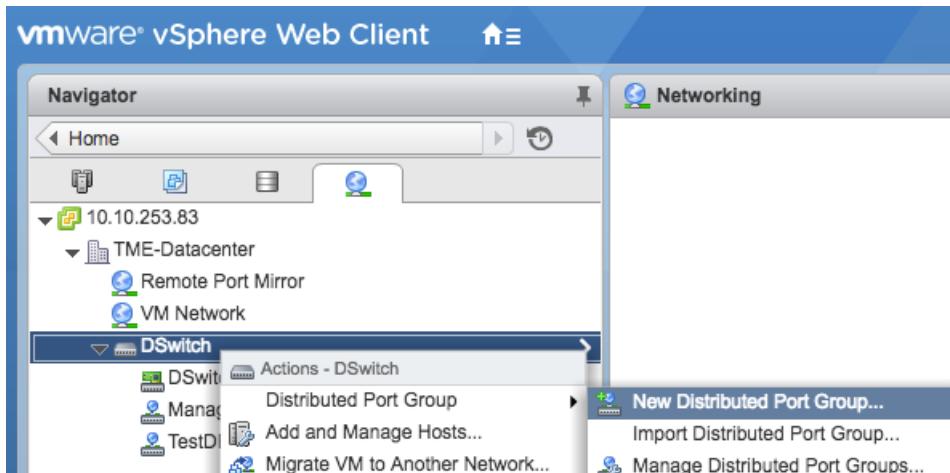
Add port groups to the VDS

Complete the following steps to add port groups when you deploy a new virtual machine or add a new ESX host into your VDS environment. Port groups enable you to properly associate the new machine or host to the port group that is being monitored immediately.

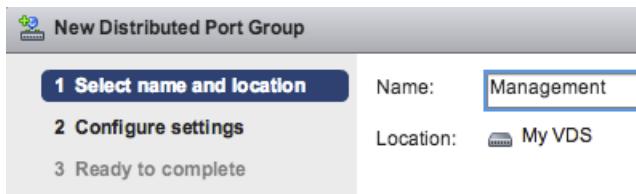
1. Click on **Networking**.



2. Right-click the VDS and then select **New Distributed Port Group**.



3. In the New Distributed Port Group window, type a name for the port group and click **Next**.



4. Configure the following settings:

New Distributed Port Group

✓ 1 Select name and location
2 Configure settings
 3 Ready to complete

Configure settings
 Set general properties of the new port group.

Port binding:	Static binding
Port allocation:	Fixed
Number of ports:	128
Network resource pool:	(default)

VLAN

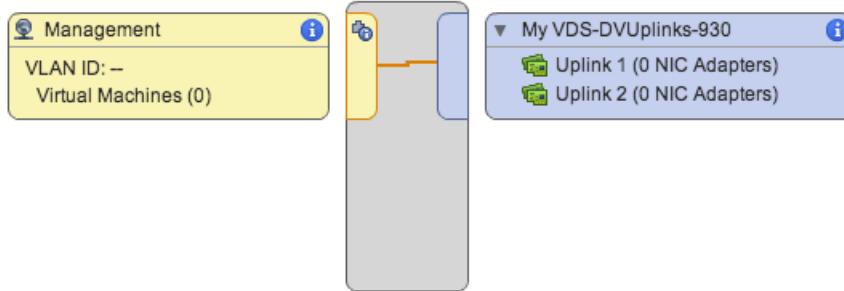
VLAN type:	None
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Advanced

Customize default policies configuration

- a) Click the **Port binding** drop-down list and select **Static binding**.
 - b) Click the **Port allocation** drop-down list and select **Fixed**.
 - c) In the Number of ports field, type the number of ports you want to connect.
 - d) Leave the default settings for the remaining items.
 - e) Click **Next**.
5. Verify your settings and click **Finish**.

The new port group appears on the **Manage** tab.

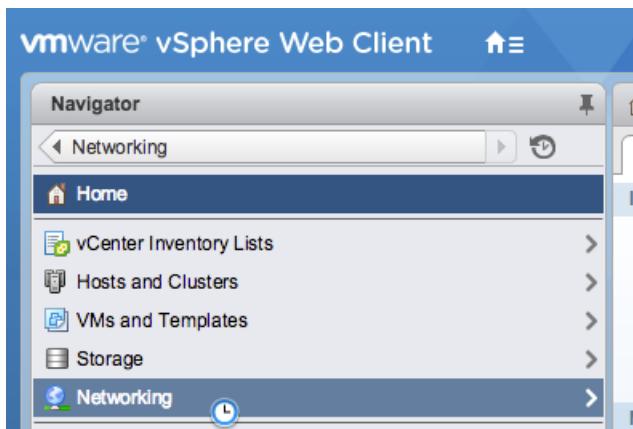


6. Repeat these steps for any additional port groups.

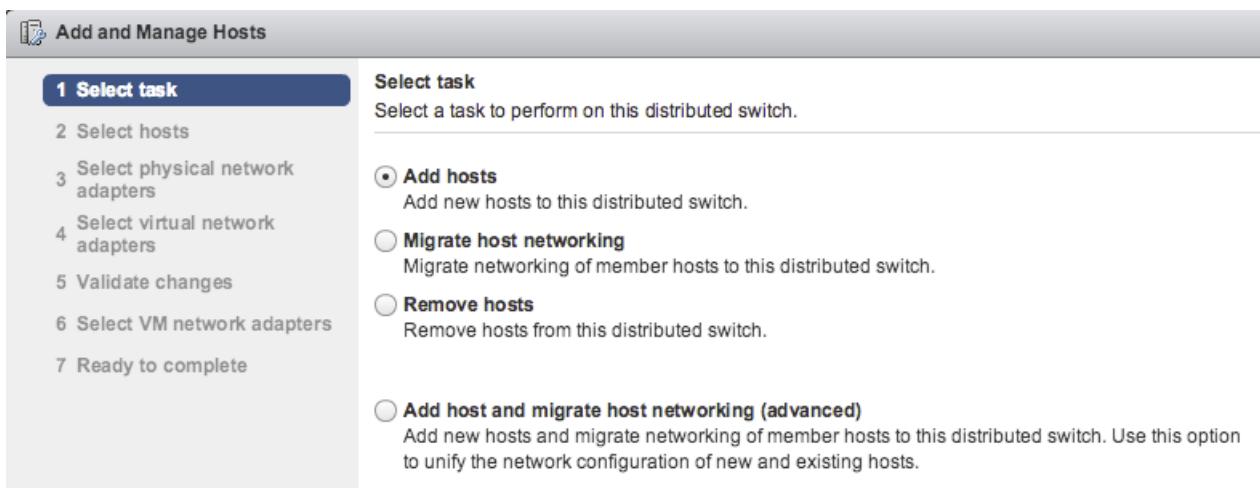
Add a host to the VDS

Complete the following steps to add a host to the VDS. Skip this procedure if all hosts have already been added to the cluster. We recommend that you dedicate one uplink for management and one uplink for spanning.

1. Click **Networking**.



2. Right-click the VDS and then select **Add and Manage Hosts**.
3. In the **Add and Manage Hosts** dialog box, click the **Add Hosts** radio button and click **Next**.



4. Click the plus icon to add a host.



5. In the list of available hosts, select the checkbox next to the host and click **OK**.

Select new hosts		
Incompatible Hosts		
Host	Host State	Cluster
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10.10.247.89	Connected	N/A

6. Select the host from the list and click **Next**.
7. Select the checkboxes next to the network adapters you want to add to the host and click **Next**.
8. Assign one of the NICs to the management port group.
 - a) Select the network adapter from the list and click the **Assign Port Group** icon.
 - b) In the **Select Network** pop-up window, select the port group to assign to the network adapter for management.
 - c) Assign one NIC to the monitoring port group.
9. Select the network adapter from the list and click the **Assign Port Group** icon.
10. In the Select Network pop-up window, select the port group to assign to the network adapter for monitoring.

Select Network	
Show all columns 	
Name	Distributed Switch
 Management	My VDS
 Monitor Traffic	My VDS

11. After you have assigned each adapter to a Destination Port Group (in the far right column), click **Next**.

 Add and Manage Hosts

1 Select task

2 Select hosts

3 Select physical network adapters

4 Select virtual network adapters

5 Validate changes

6 Select VM network adapters

7 Ready to complete

Select virtual network adapters

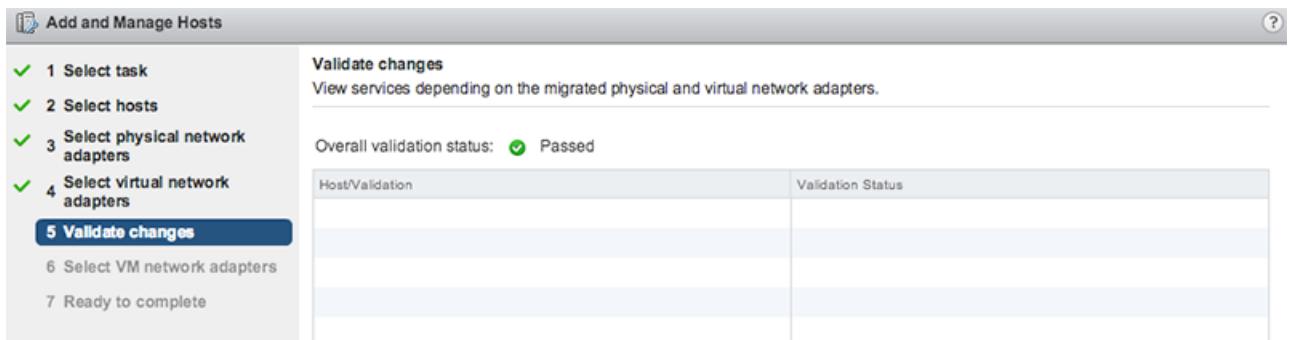
Select a port group to provide network connectivity for the adapters on the distributed switch.

 Assign adapters to a destination port group to migrate them. Ctrl + click to multi-select.

 Virtual network adapters marked with the warning sign might lose network connectivity unless they are migrated to the distributed switch. Select a destination port group in order to migrate them.

Host/Virtual Adapter	Switch	Source Port Group	Destination Port Group
10.10.247.89	vSwitch0	Management Network	Management
vmk0	vSwitch0	VMkernel	Monitor Traffic
vmk1			

12. On the Validate Changes screen, verify that the status has passed and click **Next**.



13. Select the **Migrate Virtual Machine Networking** checkbox.

The screenshot shows the 'Add and Manage Hosts' wizard at step 6: Select VM network adapters. The 'Migrate Virtual Machine Networking' checkbox is checked. Below it, there is a table listing hosts and their network adapters, with icons for assigning port groups.

Host/Virtual Machine/Network Adapter	NIC Count	Source Port Group	Destination Port Group
10.10.247.89			
Nexus 1000v	3		Management
Apple	1		Management
MongoDB	1		Management
ExtraHop Discovery Edition	2		Management
Network adapter 1		VM Network	Management
Network adapter 2		Nexus Control	Monitor Traffic

14. Click the **Assign Port Group** icon and assign a network adapter for management and a network adapter for monitoring, and click **Next**.
15. Verify your settings and click **Finish**.

The screenshot shows the 'Add and Manage Hosts' wizard at step 7: Ready to complete. It summarizes the host and adapter counts.

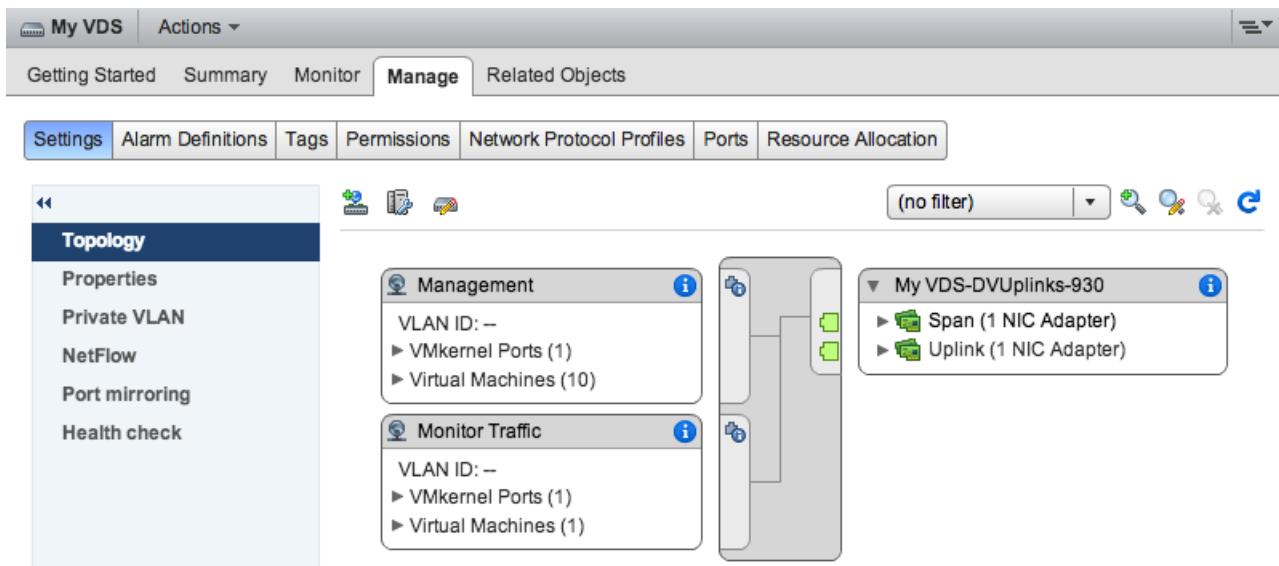
Ready to complete
Review your settings selections before finishing the wizard.

Number of managed hosts
Hosts to add: 1

Number of network adapters for update
Physical network adapters: 2
Virtual network adapters: 2
Virtual machine adapters: 13

16. View the progress bar in the right panel and wait for the system to add the host.

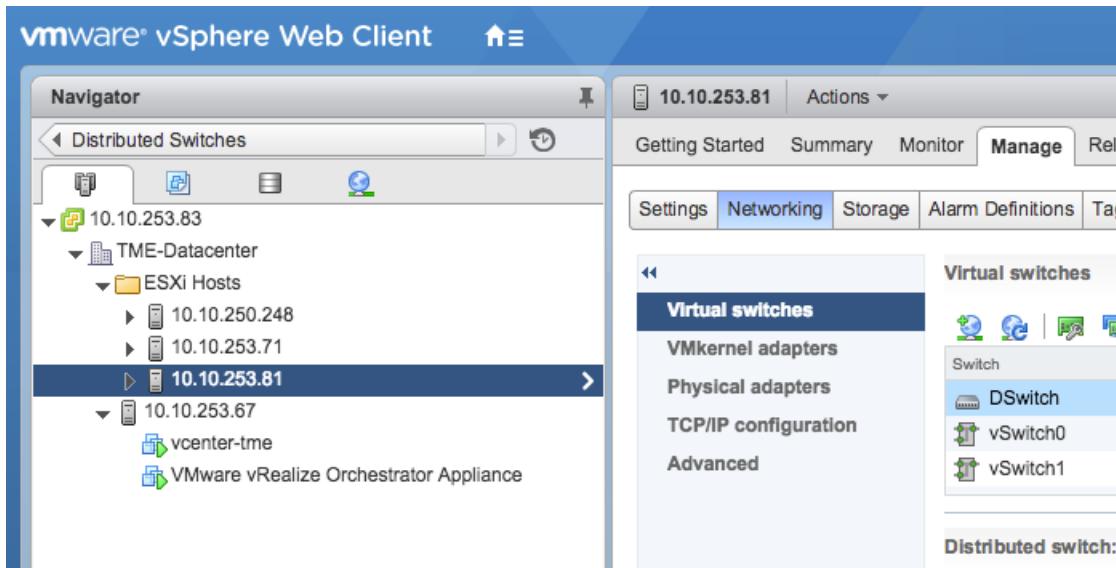
The following figure shows an example configuration.



Add uplink ports to the VDS

Complete the following steps to add an uplink port to the VDS. You must assign one uplink port to the VDS for each associated host.

1. Browse to a host in the vSphere Web Client.
2. Click the **Manage** tab, and then select **Networking > Virtual Switches**.



3. From the list, select the distributed switch you want to add an uplink port to.
4. Click **Manage the physical network adapters** .
5. Click **Add** .
6. From the list, select a network adapter and then select the uplink port from the drop-down menu that you want to assign to the network adapter.
7. Click **OK**.

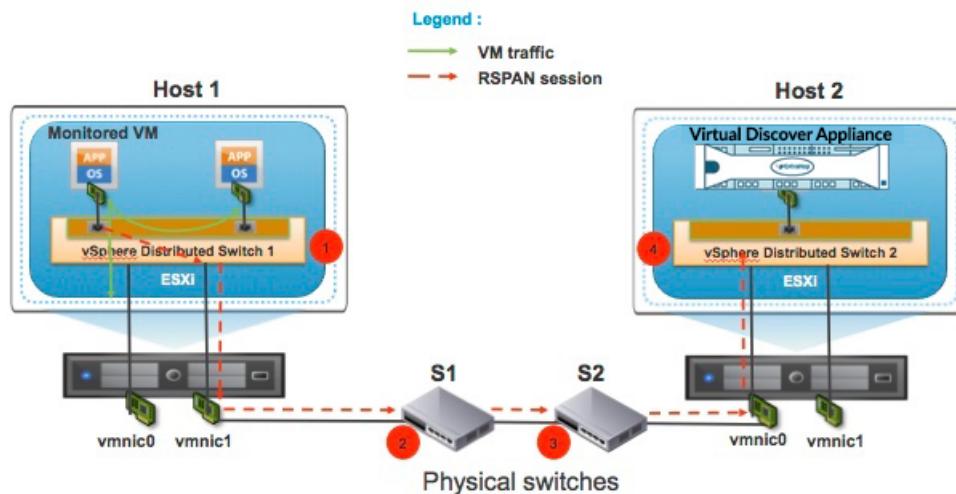
Configure an RSPAN port mirror

Complete the following steps to configure an RSPAN port mirror to view traffic on the VDS, to configure the local switch to view external traffic, and to configure the virtual Discover appliance to do a combination of both. The virtual Discover appliance can be deployed in environments with multiple ESX servers connected with a virtual distributed switch (VDS).

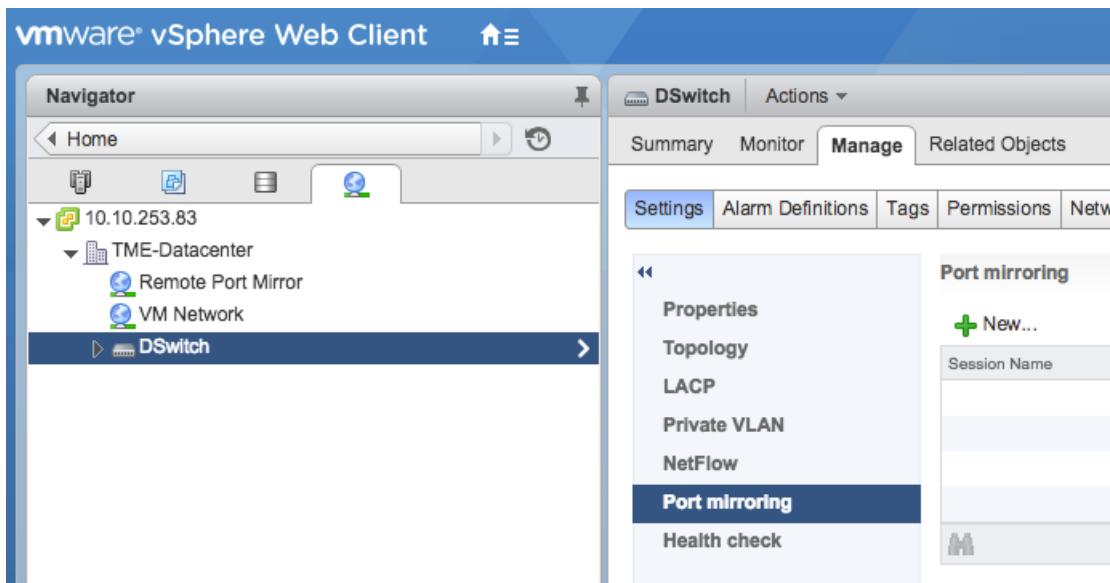
Complete the following steps to configure a virtual Discover appliance as the destination for one or more RSPAN mirror sessions. The RSPAN mirror sessions can originate from either a virtual distributed switch (VDS) that mirrors local VM traffic or from a physical switch that mirrors external traffic.

The following steps are for a Discover appliance deployed on an ESX host that is managed by vCenter with a configured VDS. You must connect a local switch to an uplink port that is configured as a VLAN trunk port and that carries the RSPAN VLAN traffic. The RSPAN VLAN will carry the mirrored traffic and can span multiple switches to reach the virtual Discover appliance.

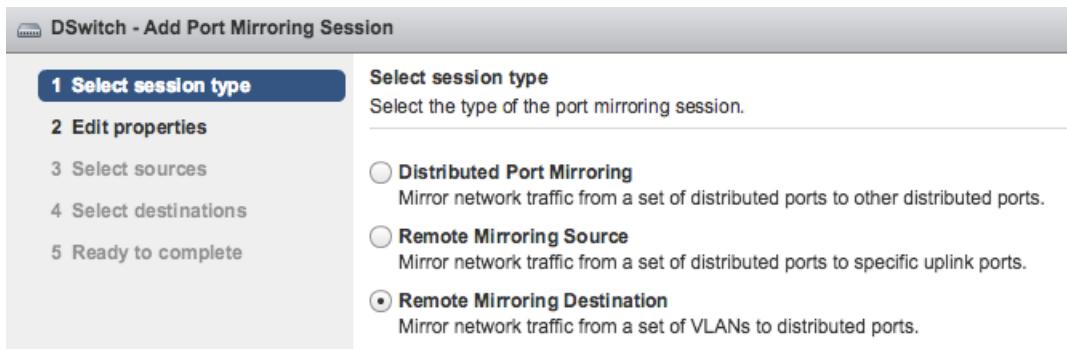
The following figure illustrates the port mirror setup.



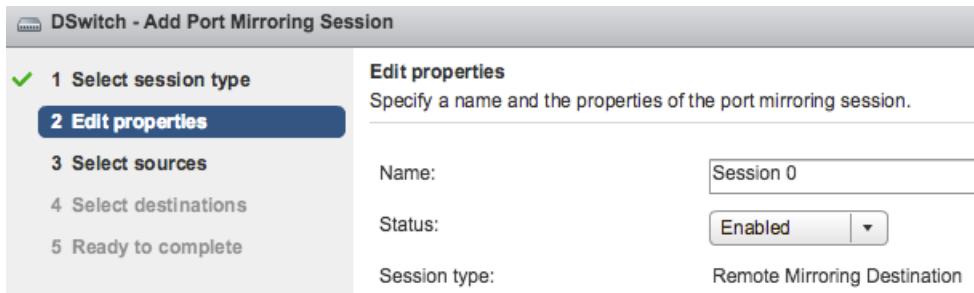
1. Click on **Networking**.
2. Select your VDS and ensure that the Settings tab is selected.
3. Click **Port mirroring**.



4. Click **New....**
5. In the Add Port Mirroring Session wizard, select **Remote Mirroring Destination**, and then click **Next**.



6. In the Name field, type a name to identify the port mirroring session.
7. From the Status drop-down, select **Enabled**.
8. Click **Next**.



9. Click the plus icon **+** to add the source VLAN IDs that you want to monitor, and then click **Next**.
10. Specify the destination port where you want to send mirrored traffic. This port is the virtual port on the VDS that corresponds to the monitoring interface on your virtual Discover appliance.
11. Verify the summary information and then click **Finish** to add the port mirror.