

Integrate ExtraHop with AWS CloudFormation

This guide explains how to integrate the ExtraHop system with Amazon Web Services (AWS) CloudFormation. This guide assumes you have completed the procedure to install an EH1000v, EH2000v, or ExtraHop Discovery Edition in AWS. You must have launched an ExtraHop AMI in the same region with the proper security groups configured to deploy a stack or monitor autoscaling groups.

Deploying a Stack

To deploy a stack in CloudFormation, complete the following steps:

1. Go to aws.amazon.com, click **My Account/Console**, and select **AWS Management Console**.
2. Sign in with your username and password.
3. Go to <http://aws.amazon.com/cloudformation/aws-cloudformation-templates/>.
4. Right-click the template you want to use and save it to your workstation.
5. Open the template file in a text editor.
6. Define the ExtraHop IP and port by pasting the code at the end of the "Parameters" section as shown in the following example:

```
"EXTRAHOPIP" : {
    "DEFAULT" : "10.10.0.0",
    "DESCRIPTION" : "IP ADDRESS OF EXTRAHOP APPLIANCE",
    "TYPE" : "STRING"
},
"EXTRAHOPPORT" : {
    "DEFAULT" : "2003",
    "DESCRIPTION" : "PORT FOR EXTRAHOP FORWARDERS",
    "TYPE" : "STRING"
}
```

Some PDF viewers may add extra newlines when copying and pasting commands. Ensure the text has copied correctly before running the command.

7. **(Single stack)** If you are deploying a single stack, format the user data script for CloudFormation by pasting the following code after "#!/bin/bash", "\n", in the "User Data" section:

```
"curl --connect-timeout 10 --fail -k 'https://', { "Ref" :
"ExtraHopIP" }, "/tools/install-rpcapd.sh" > install-rpcap-
d.sh" , "\n",
```

```
"sh install-rpcapd.sh ", { "Ref" : "ExtraHopIP" }, " ", {  
"Ref" : "ExtraHopPort" }, "\n"
```

If the template you are using does not contain a "User Data" or "#!/bin/bash", "\n", section, you must create the sections to run this command formatted as follows:

```
"UserData" : {  
  "Fn::Base64" : { "Fn::Join" : [ "", [  
    "#!/bin/bash", "\n",  
    "curl --connect-timeout 10 --fail -k 'https://", { "Ref"  
      : "ExtraHopIP" }, "/tools/install-rpcapd.sh' > install-  
      rpcapd.sh" , "\n",  
    "sh install-rpcapd.sh ", { "Ref" : "ExtraHopIP" }, " ", {  
      "Ref" :  
        "ExtraHopPort" }, "\n"] ]  
  }  
}
```

Refer to the following example of the "Resources" attribute:

```
"Resources" : {  
  "Ec2Instance" : {  
    "Type" : "AWS::EC2::Instance",  
    "Properties" : {  
      "SecurityGroups" : [ "security-group" ],  
      "KeyName" : "key-name",  
      "ImageId" : { "Ref" : "AMI" },  
      "UserData" : {  
        "Fn::Base64" : { "Fn::Join" : [ "", [  
          "#!/bin/bash -v", "\n",  
          "curl --connect-timeout 10 --fail -k 'https://", { "Ref"  
            : "ExtraHopIP" }, "/tools/install-rpcapd.sh' > install-  
            rpcapd.sh" , "\n",  
          "sh install-rpcapd.sh ", { "Ref" : "ExtraHopIP" }, " ", {  
            "Ref" : "ExtraHopPort" }, "\n"] ]  
        }  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
}  
}
```

(Autoscaling groups) If you are monitoring autoscaling groups, format the user data script for CloudFormation by pasting the following code after "#!/bin/bash", "\n", in the "User Data" section:

```
"curl --connect-timeout 10 --fail -k 'https://", { "Ref" :  
"ExtraHopIP" }, "/tools/install-rpcapd.sh' > install-rpcap-  
d.sh" ,"\n",  
  
"sh install-rpcapd.sh ", { "Ref" : "ExtraHopIP" }, " ", {  
"Ref" : "ExtraHopPort" }, "\n"
```

If the template you are using does not contain a "User Data" or "#!/bin/bash", "\n", section, you must create the sections to run this command formatted as follows:

```
"UserData" : {  
  "Fn::Base64" : { "Fn::Join" : [ "", [  
    "#!/bin/bash", "\n", "curl --connect-timeout 10 --fail -k  
'https://", { "Ref" : "ExtraHopIP" }, "/tools/install-  
rpcapd.sh' > install-rpcapd.sh" ,"\n",  
    "sh install-rpcapd.sh ", { "Ref" : "ExtraHopIP" }, " ", {  
    "Ref" : "ExtraHopPort" }, "\n" ] ]  
  }  
}
```

Refer to the following example of the "LaunchConfig" attribute:

```
"LaunchConfig": {  
  "Type" : "AWS::AutoScaling::LaunchConfiguration",  
  "Metadata" : {  
    ...  
  },  
  "Properties": {  
    ... "UserData" : { "Fn::Base64" : { "Fn::Join" : [ "", [  
      "#!/bin/bash -v\n",  
      "curl --connect-timeout 10 -k 'https://[ExtraHopIP]/tools/in-  
install-rpcapd.sh' > install-rpcapd.sh", "\n",  
      "sh install-rpcapd.sh [ExtraHopIP] [Port]" ] ]  
    }  
  }  
}
```

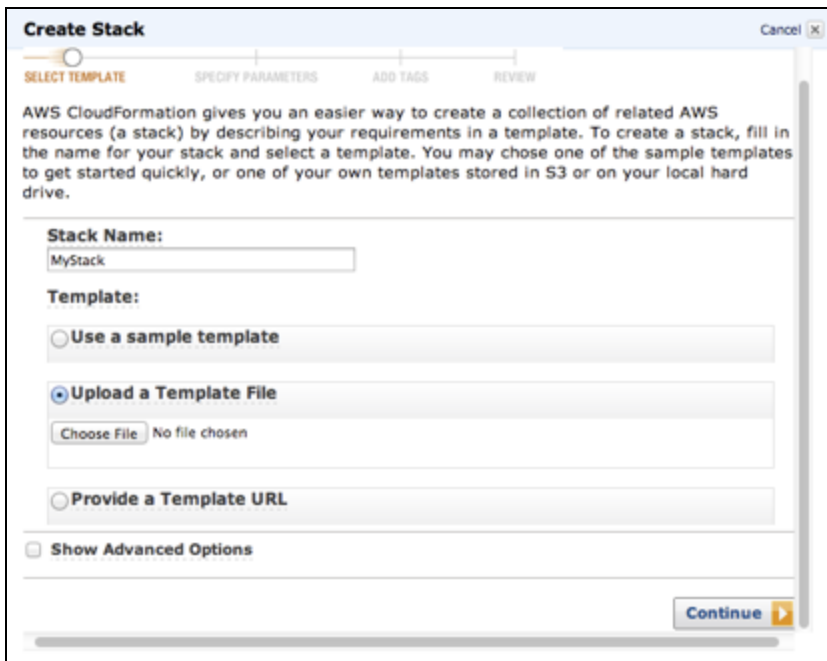
```

    }
  }
}
}

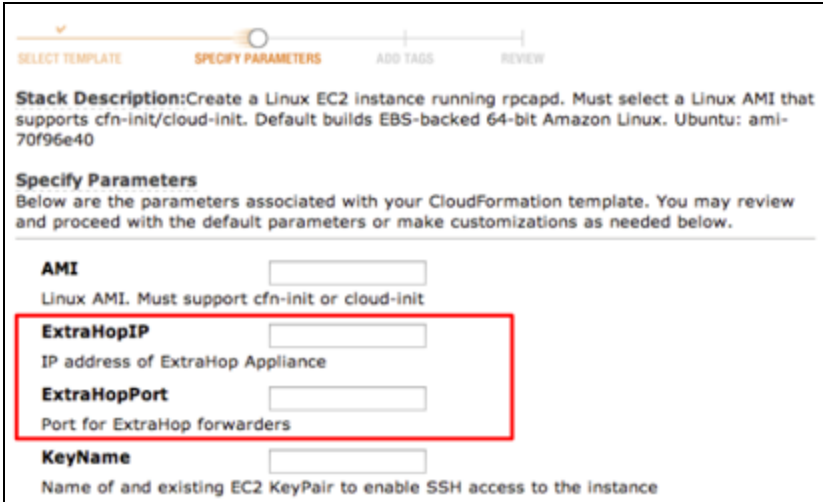
```

Updating user data parameters will not change the packet forwarder settings on instances that have already been created. The user data field is processed only on instance initialization.

8. Save the template file.
9. Go to the CloudFormation Management Console at <https://console.aws.amazon.com/cloudformation> and click **Create New Stack**.
10. In the **Stack Name** field, enter a name.



11. Click the **Upload a Template File** radio button.
12. Click **Choose File** and select the template file you saved earlier.
13. Click **Continue**.
14. On the **Specify Parameters** screen, enter the parameters defined in the template.



SELECT TEMPLATE SPECIFY PARAMETERS ADD TAGS REVIEW

Stack Description: Create a Linux EC2 instance running rpcapd. Must select a Linux AMI that supports cfn-init/cloud-init. Default builds EBS-backed 64-bit Amazon Linux. Ubuntu: ami-70f96e40

Specify Parameters
Below are the parameters associated with your CloudFormation template. You may review and proceed with the default parameters or make customizations as needed below.

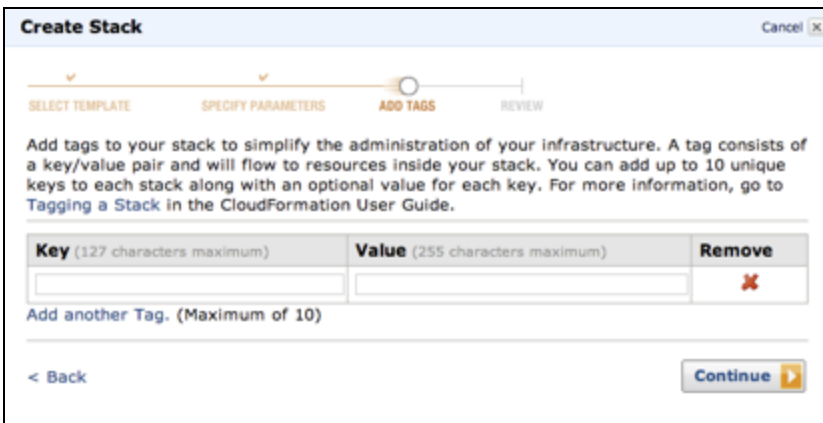
AMI
Linux AMI. Must support cfn-init or cloud-init

ExtraHopIP
IP address of ExtraHop Appliance

ExtraHopPort
Port for ExtraHop forwarders

KeyName
Name of and existing EC2 KeyPair to enable SSH access to the instance

15. In the **ExtraHopIP** field, enter your ExtraHop IP address.
16. In the **ExtraHopPort** field, enter the port number, which is 2003 by default.
17. Click **Continue**.
18. (Optional) On the **Add Tags** screen, complete the **Key** and **Value** fields and click **Continue**.



Create Stack Cancel x

SELECT TEMPLATE SPECIFY PARAMETERS ADD TAGS REVIEW

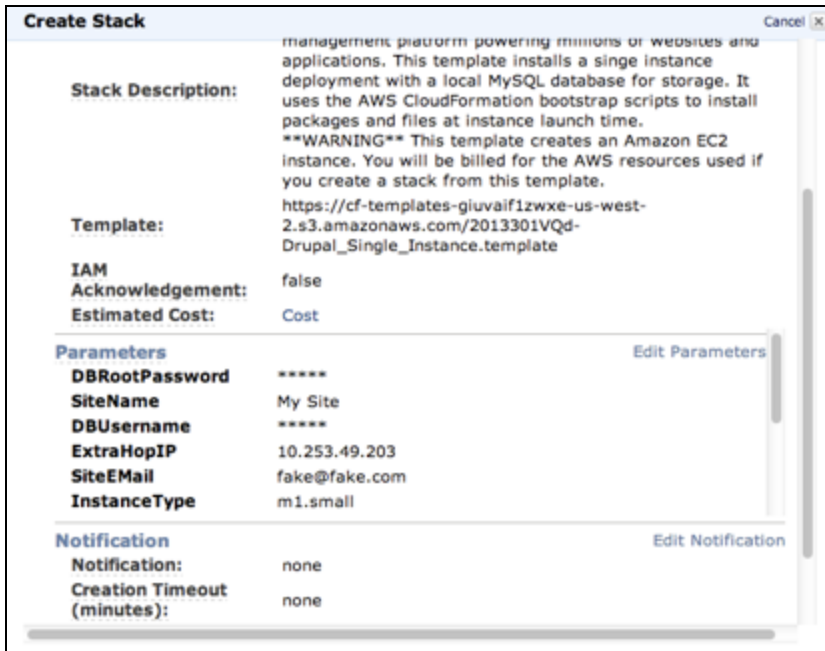
Add tags to your stack to simplify the administration of your infrastructure. A tag consists of a key/value pair and will flow to resources inside your stack. You can add up to 10 unique keys to each stack along with an optional value for each key. For more information, go to [Tagging a Stack in the CloudFormation User Guide](#).

Key (127 characters maximum)	Value (255 characters maximum)	Remove
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	✖

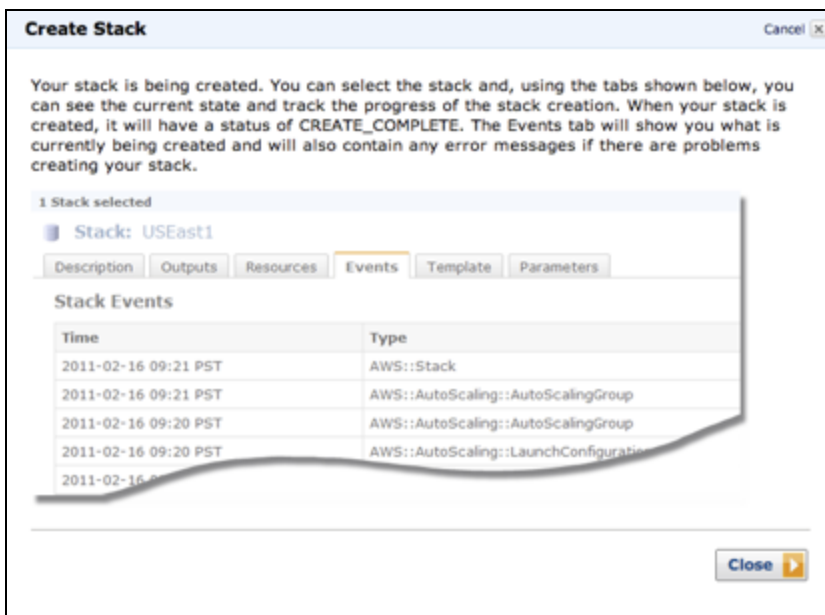
Add another Tag. (Maximum of 10)

[< Back](#) [Continue >](#)

19. Review the stack information and click **Continue**.



20. Click **Close**.

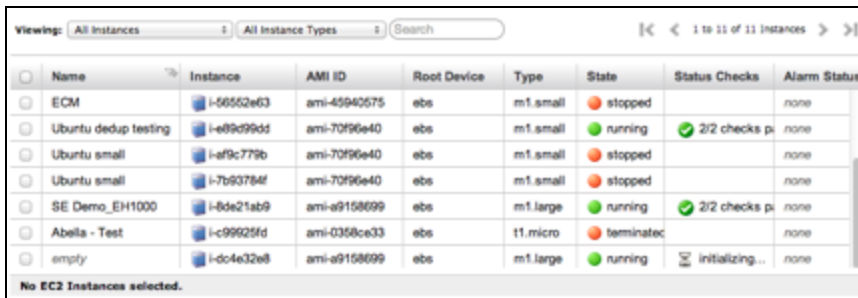


21. After the browser redirects to the CloudFormation Management Console, view the status, CREATE_IN_PROGRESS. When the stack has been built, the status changes to CREATE_COMPLETE.

Name	Created	Status	Description
MyStack	2013-10-28 15:04:34 UTC-7	CREATE_IN_PROGRESS	AWS CloudFormation Sampl

22. Go to the EC2 management console.

23. Click the stack you just created and find the private IP.



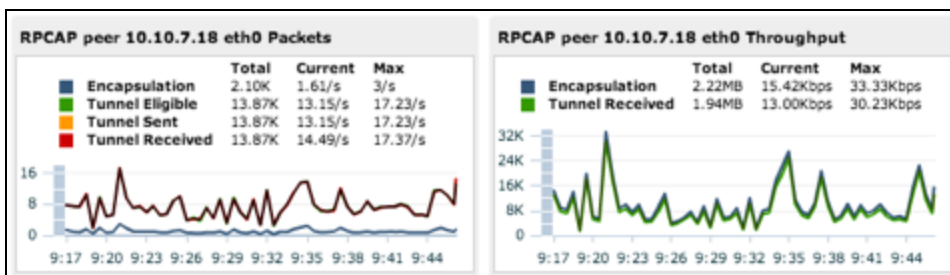
Name	Instance	AMI ID	Root Device	Type	State	Status Checks	Alarm Status
ECM	i-56552e63	ami-45940575	ebs	m1.small	stopped		none
Ubuntu dedup testing	i-e89d99dd	ami-70f96e40	ebs	m1.small	running	2/2 checks p	none
Ubuntu small	i-ef9c779b	ami-70f96e40	ebs	m1.small	stopped		none
Ubuntu small	i-7b93784f	ami-70f96e40	ebs	m1.small	stopped		none
SE Demo_EH1000	i-8de21ab9	ami-a9158699	ebs	m1.large	running	2/2 checks p	none
Abella - Test	i-c99925fd	ami-0358ce33	ebs	t1.micro	terminated		none
empty	i-dc4e32e8	ami-a9158699	ebs	m1.large	running	initializing...	none

24. Log in to the ExtraHop Web UI to analyze packet-forwarding traffic.

Analyzing Packet Forwarding Traffic in the ExtraHop Web UI

To find out how much forwarded traffic the ExtraHop system is receiving, complete the following steps.

1. Log in to the ExtraHop Web UI (https://<extrahop_management_ip>/extrahop) and click the **Settings** button in the top right corner.
2. Click **System Health** to get more information about the packet forwarding traffic. This page displays a Packets and Throughput graph for each packet forwarder connected to the ExtraHop system.



The RPCAP Packets and Throughput graphs contain four metrics:

- **Encapsulation:** The total number of RPCAP encapsulation packets received by the ExtraHop system.
- **Tunnel Eligible:** Total number of packets eligible to be forwarded to the ExtraHop system.
- **Tunnel Sent:** Total number of RPCAP-tunneled packets forwarded to the ExtraHop system.
- **Tunnel Received:** Total number of RPCAP-tunneled packets received by the ExtraHop system.

The **Tunnel Eligible**, **Tunnel Sent**, and **Tunnel Received** values are equal if the ExtraHop system is receiving and processing all the packets sent by the server. If they are not, use the following reference for troubleshooting:

If **Tunnel Sent** is less than **Tunnel Eligible**, the server is not able to forward out all the traffic. This may indicate that packet forwarding requires more processing or outbound bandwidth resources on the instance. Consider separating the forwarding process onto a separate CPU or allocating a dedicated interface for forwarding traffic.

- If **Tunnel Received** is less than **Tunnel Sent**, the ExtraHop system is not receiving all the traffic forwarded by the instance. This may be due to network congestion or insufficient resources on the

ExtraHop system. If you suspect it is the latter, contact ExtraHop Support.